

ks2 Animal habitats

TEACHING PACK

Research and learn about animal habitats

V

- Explore or observe a biome
- Write a persuasive habitat advert

teachit

Animal habitats Section A: Lesson plans

About this project-based lesson

This project-based learning unit is designed to teach and reinforce the concepts in a primary science unit on biomes and animal habitats. It can be used in conjunction with existing curriculum materials.

The project is divided into 5 Milestones; each Milestone includes a self-contained pupil project activity. Done in sequence, the milestones connect to enable pupils to produce a comprehensive project.

The minimum suggested duration for completing this project is 5 hours of lesson time. However, it is completely flexible and can be lengthened or shortened as necessary, based on available lesson time and interest level.

How to use this teaching guide

Each Milestone for this project-based learning unit includes detailed daily activities presented in step-by-step order, with teaching notes, instructional guidance and page references to resources and materials included in the Teacher pack and Pupil pack.

Daily activities are organized for you as follows:

• Prepare (bell-ringer/starter activity)

Use these short opening activities at the beginning of class.

• Present (teach/model)

Use this portion of the lesson to deliver new subject material and project information, and to model any instructions or activity required for the Produce or Participate elements.

Produce (pupil project work)

Use this portion of the lesson to allow pupils to work independently or in small groups on activities and other project elements.

• Participate (pupil/group share)

Use this portion of the lesson to allow pupils to share any project, research, or presentation materials.

Practise (homework/assessment/independent)

Use this optional portion of the lesson, if desired, to give pupils homework activities.

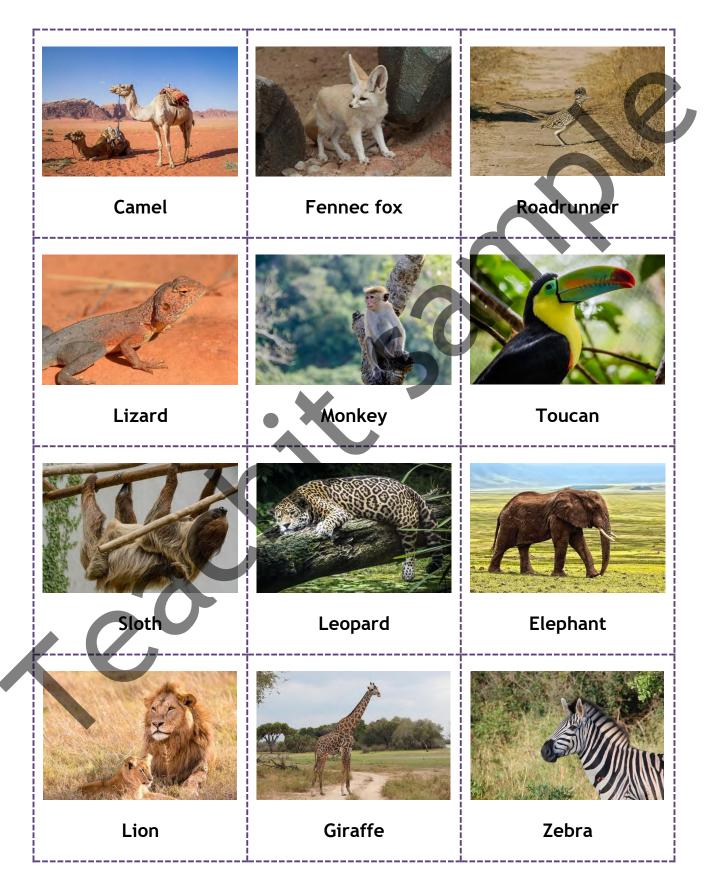
Habitat cards

Teacher notes: Cut the cards out and put them into a hat or bag. Ask each group to choose one card to determine the habitat that they will research.



Find my home animal cards

Teacher notes: Cut out the animal cards. Mix them up and give one to each pupil. Ask them to match the animals with their habitats.



Habitat clues

Teacher notes: Read the clues to your pupils. Ask them to try to guess the habitat.

Rain forest	Desert	
 I have lots of trees. I get at least 79 inches of precipitation each year. I am the home of many monkeys and colourful birds. What habitat am I? 	 I get less than 10 inches of rain each year. I am usually hot and filled with sand. I am home to lizards and cacti. What habitat am I? 	
River	Ocean	
• I am a body of water that cuts through land.	• I make up most of Earth's surface.	
• I am always moving.	 I am home to the largest aquatic animal in the world. 	
I am home to otters and many types of fish.	 Dolphins and stingrays call me home. 	
What habitat am I?	What habitat am I?	
Polar	Grassland	
• I am located at the Northern and Southern regions of the globe.	 I have lots of wide open land. I am sometimes called a savannah or prairie. 	
 I am covered with snow and ice. I am home to bears and reindeer. 	 I am home to many animals, like elephants and zebras. 	
What habitat am I?	What habitat am I?	

Name: date:

Habitats quick quiz

Directions: Read each question. Circle the best answer. Use information from your research to complete the sentences.

1. Which of these is **not** a non-living thing that an animal needs to survive? A. Shelter B. Water source C. Plants for food D. Temperature One non-living thing my animal needs is 2. What is a living thing an animal needs to survive? A. Water to drink B. Another animal for food C. A cave for shelter D. The sun to stay warm One living thing my animal needs to survive is 3. How does pollution affect the animals in a habitat? A. It helps the animals stay healthy. B. It gives the animals something to eat. C. It is a place for the animals to live. D. It can make the animals ill. One thing in my animal's habitat that harms it is Which of these could harm an animal in its habitat? A. Rain B. Another animal that's an enemy C. Grass D. A tree One of my animal's enemies is

Name: date:

Animal habitats summative assessment

Part A

Directions: Put the letter of the animal in front of the habitat where it lives.

Ocean	A.	
Desert	В.	
Forest	C.	
Polar	D.	
Rain forest	E,	

Part B

Directions: Choose one of the animals from Part A. Write a paragraph stating why the animal lives in that habitat. Explain about how the living and non-living things in that habitat help it to survive.

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Animal habitats: Teacher pack

an po gra at	he hook was very creative nd included a song, rap, pem or shout-out that rabbed the audience's ctention.	The hook was interesting and grabbed the audience's attention.	There was a hook, but it did not grab the audience's	The presentation did not have a hook.
Poscons Th			attention.	
rea	here were 4 or more easons as to why the nimal should come to the abitat.	There were 3 reasons the animal should come to the habitat.	There were 2 reasons the animal should come to the habitat.	There was only 1 reason the animal should come to the habitat.
action wi ac wa	he presentation ended ith a persuasive call to ction that made the animal ant to move to the habitat nmediately.	The presentation ended with a good call to action that made the animal want to move to the habitat.	There was a call to action, but it did not make the animal want to move to the habitat.	The presentation did not end with a call to action.
de he	here were multiple, well- esigned visual aids that elped to convince the udience.	There was one well- designed visual aid that helped to convince the audience.	There was a visual aid, but it did not add value to the presentation.	There were not any visual aids.